

**Western Technical College**

**31414356 Introduction to Industrial Controls**

**Course Outcome Summary**

**Course Information**

<b>Description</b>	This course includes fundamental wiring concepts, relay ladder logic, sensors, timers, motor fundamentals, motor starters and an introduction to Variable Frequency Drives.
<b>Career Cluster</b>	Manufacturing
<b>Instructional Level</b>	Technical Diploma Courses
<b>Total Credits</b>	3.00
<b>Total Hours</b>	108.00

**Types of Instruction**

Instruction Type	Credits/Hours
Lecture	1 CR / 36 HR
Lab	2 CR / 72 HR

**Course History**

<b>Last Approval Date</b>	7/7/2015
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**Pre/Corequisites**

Pre/Corequis 31660310 Electricity Basics  
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**Textbooks**

*Electricity Basic and Intro to Industrial Controls (Custom Book)*. Petruzella, Frank. Publisher: McGraw-Hill Publishing Company. **ISBN-13:**978-1-3081-1020-2. Required.

**Learner Supplies**

Safety glasses with side eye protection that meet Z87 OSHA guidelines. **Vendor:** Campus Shop. Required.  
 Scientific calculator - T1-30XIIS. **Vendor:** Campus Shop. Required.



### Learning Objectives

- 1.a. Categorize pilot devices in terms of their function.
- 1.b. Identify the electrical symbol for various pilot devices.
- 1.c. Develop practical control circuits using various pilot devices.
- 1.d. Develop latching control circuits.
- 1.e. Build and verify the operation of latching control circuits.
- 1.f. Develop jogging control circuits.
- 1.g. Build and verify the operation of jogging control circuits.
- 1.h. Develop non-timed sequence control circuits.
- 1.i. Build and verify the operation of non-timed sequence control circuits.
- 1.j. Utilize appropriate instrumentation for pilot device testing.

## 2. Analyze Photoelectric and Proximity controls.

*Domain Cognitive Level Analysis Status Active*

### Linked Core Abilities

Demonstrate ability to think critically.

### Assessment Strategies

- 2.1. by demonstrating your performance in a lab exercise.
- 2.2. by demonstrating your competence in a lab performance test.
- 2.3. by answering questions related to the learning objectives on a unit quiz.

### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 2.1. learner constructs circuits to verify the operation of through-beam photoelectric devices.
- 2.2. learner builds circuitry necessary to test the operation of retroreflective photoelectric devices.
- 2.3. learner constructs circuits to verify the operation of diffuse scan photoelectric devices.
- 2.4. learner explains the term "modulated light source."
- 2.5. learner compares "2-wire" and "3-wire" control configurations.
- 2.6. learner contrasts "Sinking" and "Sourcing" outputs for proximity switches.

### Learning Objectives

- 2.a. Investigate the operation of through-beam photoelectric devices.
- 2.b. Investigate the operation of retroreflective photoelectric devices.
- 2.c. Investigate the operation of diffuse scan photoelectric devices.
- 2.d. Discuss the term "modulated light source."
- 2.e. Compare "2-wire" and "3-wire" control configurations.
- 2.f. Examine "Sinking" and "Sourcing" outputs for proximity switches.

## 3. Analyze circuit applications of control relays.

*Domain Cognitive Level Analysis Status Active*

### Linked Core Abilities

Use technology effectively.

### Assessment Strategies

- 3.1. by demonstrating your performance in a lab exercise.
- 3.2. by demonstrating your competence in a lab performance test.
- 3.3. by answering questions related to the learning objectives on a unit quiz.

### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 3.1. learner classifies control relays according to type and function..
- 3.2. learner describes the electrical properties of control relays.
- 3.3. learner develops practical control circuits using selected control relays.
- 3.4. learner assembles and tests control circuits using control relays.
- 3.5. learner develops circuits with control relays to produce sequenced control of outputs.
- 3.6. learner builds and tests circuits using control relays to produce sequenced control of outputs.

### Learning Objectives

- 3.a. Classify control relays according to type and function.
- 3.b. Evaluate the electrical properties of control relays.
- 3.c. Develop practical control circuits using selected control relays.
- 3.d. Assemble control circuits using control relays.
- 3.e. Verify the operation of control circuits with control relays.
- 3.f. Develop control circuits to perform sequenced control of outputs.
- 3.g. Assemble control circuits that perform sequenced control of outputs.
- 3.h. Verify the operation of test control circuits that perform sequenced control of outputs.

**4. Analyze control circuit applications using time delay relays and cycle timing.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Synthesis Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Use technology effectively.

**Assessment Strategies**

- 4.1. by demonstrating your performance in a lab exercise.
- 4.2. by demonstrating your competence in a lab performance test.
- 4.3. by answering questions related to the learning objectives on a unit quiz.

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 4.1. learner classifies time delay relays according to type and function.
- 4.2. learner describes the electrical properties of control time delay relays.
- 4.3. learner develops practical control circuits using selected time delay relays as required.
- 4.4. learner assembles and tests control circuits using time delay relays.
- 4.5. learner describes the electrical properties of cycle timers.
- 4.6. learner develops practical control circuits using a cycle timer.
- 4.7. learner assembles and tests a cycle timing circuit.

**Learning Objectives**

- 4.a. Classify time delay relays according to type and function.
- 4.b. Evaluate the electrical properties of control time delay relays.
- 4.c. Develop practical control circuits using selected time delay relays as required.
- 4.d. Assemble control circuits using time delay relays.
- 4.e. Verify the operation of control circuits using time delay relays.
- 4.f. Evaluate the electrical properties of cycle timers.
- 4.g. Develop practical control circuits using a cycle timer.
- 4.h. Assemble a cycle timing circuit.
- 4.i. Verify the operation of a cycle timing circuit.

**5. Apply proper techniques to terminate conductors at wiring devices.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Applying Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Use technology effectively.

**Assessment Strategies**

- 5.1. Performance

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 5.1. learner can describe various types of terminal connections.
- 5.2. learner can identify common wiring devices.
- 5.3. learner can prepare conductors, cords and cables for termination.
- 5.4. learner can connect and terminate wires using crimp connectors.
- 5.5. learner can test terminated wiring for opens and shorts.

**Learning Objectives**

- 5.a. Describe various types of terminal connections.
- 5.b. Identify common wiring devices.

- 5.c. Prepare conductors, cords and cables for termination.
- 5.d. Connect and terminate wires using crimp connectors.
- 5.e. Test terminated wiring for opens and shorts.

**6. Evaluate electrical conductors for applications.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Evaluating Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Demonstrate ability to think critically.

**Assessment Strategies**

- 6.1. Written Objective Test

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 6.1. learner can define units of measurement related to electrical conductors.
- 6.2. learner can describe tools and methods to determine conductor size.
- 6.3. learner can determine conductor ampacity from the National Electrical Code (NEC) tables.
- 6.4. learner can identify types of flexible cords and cables.

**Learning Objectives**

- 6.a. Define units of measurement related to electrical conductors.
- 6.b. Describe tools and methods to determine conductor size.
- 6.c. Determine conductor ampacity from National Electrical Code (NEC) tables.
- 6.d. Identify types of flexible cords and cables.

**7. Apply common wiring methods used in the electrical industry.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Applying Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Use technology effectively.

**Assessment Strategies**

- 7.1. Simulation

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 7.1. learner can identify various types of electrical boxes and fittings.
- 7.2. learner can install fittings into electrical boxes with and without pre-punched holes.
- 7.3. learner can connect cables and conduit to boxes.
- 7.4. learner can install various types of wiring devices.
- 7.5. learner can apply National Electrical Code (NEC) grounding criteria.

**Learning Objectives**

- 7.a. Identify various types of electrical boxes and fittings.
- 7.b. Install fittings into electrical boxes, with and without pre-punched holes.
- 7.c. Connect cables and conduit to boxes.
- 7.d. Install various types of wiring devices.
- 7.e. Apply National Electrical Code (NEC) grounding criteria.

**8. Assess common electrical circuits.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Evaluating Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Demonstrate ability to think critically.

**Assessment Strategies**

- 8.1. Skill Demonstration

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 8.1. learner can test installations for insulation integrity.
- 8.2. learner can test wiring for opens and shorts.
- 8.3. learner can test for proper circuit voltage.
- 8.4. learner can test for proper grounding.
- 8.5. learner can test for proper receptacle wiring.
- 8.6. learner can troubleshoot and repair defective circuits.

**Learning Objectives**

- 8.a. Test installations for insulation integrity.
- 8.b. Test wiring for opens and shorts.
- 8.c. Test for proper circuit voltage.
- 8.d. Test for proper grounding.
- 8.e. Test for proper receptacle wiring.
- 8.f. Troubleshoot and repair defective circuits.

**9. Relate induction motor terminology, principles and theory to three-phase induction motors.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Analysis Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Use effective communication skills.

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 9.1. Learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 9.2. Learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 9.3. Learner completes and submits assigned homework.

**Learning Objectives**

- 9.a. Explain the significance of nameplate data for a three-phase motor.
- 9.b. Describe the construction of a three-phase induction motor.
- 9.c. Wire a three-phase induction motor for correct operation.
- 9.d. Explain the rotating magnetic field of a three-phase motor.
- 9.e. Explain basic squirrel cage rotor principles.
- 9.f. Identify the terminal connections of a three-phase motor.

**10. Utilize measured data to confirm the operating characteristics of induction motors.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Use technology effectively.

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 10.1. Learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 10.2. Learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 10.3. Learner completes and submits assigned homework.

**Learning Objectives**

- 10.a. Determine voltage, current, power consumption and power factor for an induction motor by means of measurement.
- 10.b. Ascertain horsepower, torque, speed and efficiency characteristics of induction motors.
- 10.c. Explore power factor correction.
- 10.d. Test the insulation resistance of a motor using a megohmmeter.

**11. Apply manual and magnetic motor starters to control a three-phase motor.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Use technology effectively.

## Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 11.1. Learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 11.2. Learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 11.3. Learner completes and submits assigned homework.

## Learning Objectives

- 11.a. Identify the parts and connections of a magnetic motor starter.
- 11.b. Apply a magnetic motor starter to control a three-phase motor.
- 11.c. Investigate the operation of a multi-station start/stop control.
- 11.d. Apply a reversing starter to control a three-phase motor in forward and reverse.
- 11.e. Relate the differences between NEMA and IEC starters.

## 12. Relate induction motor terminology, principles and theory to single-phase induction motors.

*Domain Cognitive Level Analysis Status Active*

## Linked Core Abilities

Use effective communication skills.

## Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 12.1. Learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 12.2. Learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 12.3. Learner completes and submits assigned homework.

## Learning Objectives

- 12.a. Explain the significance of nameplate data for a single-phase motor.
- 12.b. Describe the construction of a single-phase split phase induction motor.
- 12.c. Describe the construction of a single-phase capacitor start induction motor.
- 12.d. Connect single-phase motors for correct operation.
- 12.e. Explain the basic operating characteristics of a split-phase induction motor.
- 12.f. Explain the basic operating characteristics of capacitor start induction motors.
- 12.g. Identify shaded pole and universal motor applications.

## 13. Investigate the physical properties and construction of DC machines.

*Domain Cognitive Level Comprehensi Status Active*  
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## Linked Core Abilities

Demonstrate ability to think critically.

## Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 13.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 13.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by the instructor.
- 13.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

## Learning Objectives

- 13.a. Describe the construction of a DC machine.
- 13.b. Identify the field structure of a DC machine.
- 13.c. Identify the armature of a DC machine.
- 13.d. Identify the brushes of a DC machine.
- 13.e. Identify the commutator of a DC machine.
- 13.f. Identify the shaft and bearings of a DC machine.
- 13.g. Identify the end covers of a DC machine.
- 13.h. Identify the terminal connections of a DC machine.

**14. Apply generator theory to the practical operation of DC generators.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Apply mathematical concepts.

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 14.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 14.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 14.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

**Learning Objectives**

- 14.a. Explain the function of the generator field.
- 14.b. Explain the function of the generator armature.
- 14.c. Explain the function of the brushes and commutator.
- 14.d. Apply the principle of generator action to a DC generator.
- 14.e. Evaluate factors that affect voltage output of a DC generator.
- 14.f. Identify the major types of DC generators.
- 14.g. Test the output voltage characteristics of a DC generator.
- 14.h. Evaluate the effect of load changes on a DC generator.
- 14.i. Discuss generator efficiency.

**15. Evaluate the physical and electrical properties of DC motors.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Apply mathematical concepts.

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 15.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 15.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 15.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

**Learning Objectives**

- 15.a. Identify similarities and differences between the DC generator and motor.
- 15.b. Explain the significance of DC motor nameplate specifications.
- 15.c. Classify DC motors according to mounting types.
- 15.d. Apply motor wiring diagrams.
- 15.e. Test the insulation resistance and windings of a DC motor.
- 15.f. Identify different types of DC motors.
- 15.g. Discuss DC motor problems and maintenance.

**16. Apply motor theory to the practical operation of DC motors.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Apply mathematical concepts.

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 16.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 16.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 16.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

**Learning Objectives**



- 16.a. Explain the function of the motor field.
- 16.b. Explain the function of the motor armature.
- 16.c. Explain the function of the brushes and commutator.
- 16.d. Apply the principle of motor action to a DC motor.
- 16.e. Describe the effect of counter-electromotive force on motor operation.
- 16.f. Evaluate the effect of voltage polarity and magnitude on the operation of DC motors.
- 16.g. Evaluate DC shunt motor operation under load.
- 16.h. Describe methods for controlling the speed of DC motors.
- 16.i. Evaluate motor operation in terms of horsepower, torque, speed and efficiency.

**17. Apply solid state overload protection to an AC motor.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Use technology effectively.

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 17.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 17.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 17.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

**Learning Objectives**

- 17.a. Interpret equipment installation and operation manuals.
- 17.b. Identify the functional characteristics of a solid state overload relay.
- 17.c. Connect and test a solid state overload relay to protect a motor.
- 17.d. Ascertain the range of capabilities of a solid state overload relay.

**18. Apply resistance reduced voltage starting to an AC motor.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Use technology effectively.

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 18.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 18.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 18.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

**Learning Objectives**

- 18.a. consult equipment manuals as needed.
- 18.b. Identify relay based methods of reduced voltage starting.
- 18.c. Discuss the need for reduced voltage starting.
- 18.d. Construct and test a reduced voltage starting system.

**19. Apply solid state soft starting to an AC motor.**

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

**Linked Core Abilities**

Use technology effectively.

**Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 19.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 19.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 19.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

### Learning Objectives

- 19.a. Interpret equipment installation and operation manuals.
- 19.b. Identify the functional characteristics of a solid state soft starter.
- 19.c. Connect and test a solid state soft starter controlling a motor.
- 19.d. Ascertain the range of capabilities of a solid state soft starter.

## 20. Apply solid state methods of speed control to AC and DC motors.

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

### Linked Core Abilities

Use technology effectively.

### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 20.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 20.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by the instructor.
- 20.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

### Learning Objectives

- 20.a. Utilize equipment manuals to connect and test DC and AC motor speed controllers.
- 20.b. Connect and test a solid state DC motor speed controller.
- 20.c. Determine the capabilities of a solid state DC motor speed controller.
- 20.d. Connect and test an Adjustable Frequency Drive (AFD) for an AC motor.
- 20.e. Program an AFD for a variety of operating parameters.
- 20.f. Identify the functional characteristic of AFDs.

## 21. Apply fuse and circuit breaker fundamentals.

*Domain Cognitive Level Application Status Active*

### Linked Core Abilities

Demonstrate ability to think critically.

### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 21.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 21.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 21.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

### Learning Objectives

- 21.a. Apply proper terminology relative to fuses and circuit breakers.
- 21.b. Explain fuse operation.
- 21.c. Explain circuit breaker operation.
- 21.d. Identify different types of fuses and circuit breakers for application.
- 21.e. Explain the difference between current rating and interrupting rating.
- 21.f. Explain the significance of voltage rating for fuses and circuit breakers.
- 21.g. Determine if a fuse is blown or a breaker is tripped.

## 22. Evaluate the operation of common single and three-phase electrical systems.

*Domain Cognitive Level Analysis Status Active*

### Linked Core Abilities

Apply mathematical concepts.

Demonstrate ability to think critically.

### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 22.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 22.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity

signed off by an instructor.

22.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

### Learning Objectives

- 22.a. Outline the method of transmitting power over long distances.
- 22.b. Describe the layout of a typical 120/240 V single-phase power distribution system.
- 22.c. Perform tests to determine proper operation of a 120/240 V single-phase power distribution system.
- 22.d. Measure voltage, current and power in a single-phase 120/240 V system.
- 22.e. Calculate voltage current and power relations in a single-phase system.
- 22.f. Describe the layout of typical Wye and Delta three-phase power distribution systems.
- 22.g. Measure voltage, current and power in a three-phase system.
- 22.h. Construct single and three phase load circuitry.
- 22.i. Discuss the significance of the neutral wire in systems which require one.

## 23. Evaluate the operation of power transformers.

*Domain Cognitive Level Analysis Status Active*

### Linked Core Abilities

Apply mathematical concepts.

Demonstrate ability to think critically.

### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 23.1. learner completes a written test with a passing grade.
- 23.2. learner completes the supporting lab activities, makes corrections as necessary and has the activity signed off by an instructor.
- 23.3. learner completes and submits assigned homework problems.

### Learning Objectives

- 23.a. Apply proper terminology relative to power transformers.
- 23.b. Explain the significance of transformer nameplate specifications.
- 23.c. Determine transformer current ratings.
- 23.d. Connect power transformers per their wiring diagrams.
- 23.e. Test the insulation resistance of a power transformer.
- 23.f. Calculate and measure voltage current and power relative to a power transformer.
- 23.g. Connect transformers in Wye and Delta configurations.