



Western Technical College

## 10531912 Paramedic Medical Principles

### Course Outcome Summary

#### Course Information

<b>Description</b>	This course addresses the complex depth of anatomy, physiology, and pathophysiology of major human systems while also introducing the paramedic students to the topics of shock, immunology, and bleeding.
<b>Career Cluster</b>	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security
<b>Instructional Level</b>	Associate Degree Courses
<b>Total Credits</b>	4
<b>Total Hours</b>	72

#### Pre/Corequisites

Prerequisite 10-531-911 EMS Fundamentals (or concurrent)

#### Textbooks

*Bundle: Paramedic Care: Principles & Practice Volume 1-5 plus Access Card - 2017, Anatomy and Physiology for Health Professions – 4th Edition, [EMStesting.com](http://EMStesting.com) Paramedic Student Access Card – 2nd Edition, Platinum Planner: Paramedic – Access Card – 2016, Basic Arrhythmias – 8th Edition.* 5th Edition. Copyright 2017. Bledose, Bryan, Robert Porter and Richard Cherry. Publisher: Pearson. **ISBN-13:** 978-0-13-747207-9. Required.

*531-911 Paramedic Student Reference Guide, Skills Check Sheets and Paramedic Clinical Guidebook.* Western. Publisher: Western. Required.

#### Learner Supplies

Program Clothing. **Vendor:** To be discussed in class. Required.

## Success Abilities

1. Cultivate Passion: Expand a Growth-Mindset
2. Refine Professionalism: Improve Critical Thinking
3. Refine Professionalism: Participate Collaboratively

## Program Outcomes

1. Integrate pathophysiological principles and assessment findings to provide appropriate patient care
2. Demonstrate paramedic skills associated with established standards and procedures for a variety of patient encounters
3. Communicate effectively with others
4. Demonstrate professional behavior
5. Meet state and national competencies listed for paramedic certification(s)

## Course Competencies

### 1. Apply human anatomy and physiology concepts

#### Assessment Strategies

- 1.1. Oral, Written or Graphic Assessment

#### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 1.1. you answer questions related to the learning objectives on a test
- 1.2. you achieve the threshold identified by your Training Center on the assessment

#### Learning Objectives

- 1.a. Define anatomy.
- 1.b. Define physiology.
- 1.c. Define pathophysiology.
- 1.d. Define homeostasis.
- 1.e. Identify specific body parts and areas.
- 1.f. Identify the planes and sections of the body.
- 1.g. Identify abdominal quadrants and regions.
- 1.h. Distinguish between body organ systems.
- 1.i. Identify anatomic cavities.

### 2. Summarize cell structure and function

#### Assessment Strategies

- 2.1. Oral, Written or Graphic Assessment

#### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 2.1. you answer questions related to the learning objectives on a test
- 2.2. you achieve the threshold identified by your Training Center on the assessment

#### Learning Objectives

- 2.a. Discuss cellular composition at the atomic level.
- 2.b. Discuss cellular composition at the chemical level.
- 2.c. Discuss theory.
- 2.d. Describe cellular anatomy and physiology.
- 2.e. Explain cellular respiration.

- 2.f. Describe the cellular environment.
- 2.g. Describe cellular transport mechanisms.
- 2.h. Discuss the process of cellular division.
- 2.i. Explain cellular respiration and metabolism.
- 2.j. Discuss the functions of vitamins, minerals, and other important nutrients.

### **3. Examine the anatomy and physiology of various body systems.**

#### **Assessment Strategies**

- 3.1. Oral, Written or Graphic Assessment

#### **Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 3.1. you answer questions related to the learning objectives on a test
- 3.2. you achieve the threshold identified by your Training Center on the assessment

#### **Learning Objectives**

- 3.a. List types of tissues and membranes.
- 3.b. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the skeletal system.
- 3.c. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the muscular system.
- 3.d. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the respiratory system.
- 3.e. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the circulatory system.
- 3.f. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the nervous system.
- 3.g. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the digestive system.
- 3.h. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the endocrine system.
- 3.i. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the renal system.
- 3.j. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the reproductive system for each gender.
- 3.k. Describe the anatomy and physiology of the lymphatic and immune system.
- 3.l. Describe the process by which the body regulates its internal temperature.

### **4. Summarize pathophysiology and the disease process at the cellular level.**

#### **Assessment Strategies**

- 4.1. Oral, Written or Graphic Assessment

#### **Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 4.1. you answer questions related to the learning objectives on a test
- 4.2. you achieve the threshold identified by your Training Center on the assessment

#### **Learning Objectives**

- 4.a. Discuss the correlation of pathophysiology with disease processes.
- 4.b. Discuss the major classes of cells.
- 4.c. Describe chief cellular functions.
- 4.d. Describe cellular components, their structures, and functions.
- 4.e. Identify different tissue types.
- 4.f. Discuss types of cellular adaptation.
- 4.g. Describe the ways in which cellular injury occurs.
- 4.h. Discuss the manifestation of cellular injury.
- 4.i. Describe cellular death/necrosis.
- 4.j. Describe the distribution of body fluids.
- 4.k. Discuss the impact aging has on the distribution of body fluids.
- 4.l. Describe the way in which water moves between intracellular fluid and extracellular fluid.
- 4.m. Describe the way in which water moves between plasma and interstitial fluid.
- 4.n. Explain alterations in water movement within the body (edema).
- 4.o. Describe water balance and the role of electrolytes.
- 4.p. Describe the acid-base balance within the body.

### **5. Summarize hypoperfusion (shock).**

#### **Assessment Strategies**

- 5.1. Oral, Written or Graphic Assessment

## Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 5.1. you answer questions related to the learning objectives on a test
- 5.2. you achieve the threshold identified by your Training Center on the assessment

## Learning Objectives

- 5.a. Define shock.
- 5.b. Discuss anatomy and physiology as related to shock.
- 5.c. Describe the cellular metabolism impairment that occurs as a result of hypoperfusion.
- 5.d. Discuss the essential components for normal perfusion.
- 5.e. Discuss tissue hypoperfusion.
- 5.f. Discuss the physiologic response to shock.
- 5.g. Describe the pathogenesis of hypoperfusion.
- 5.h. Discuss the stages of shock.
- 5.i. Differentiate between the different types of shock, their pathophysiology, evaluation, and treatment.
- 5.j. Discuss specific types of shock.
- 5.k. Discuss complications associated with shock.
- 5.l. Explain multiple organ dysfunction syndrome (MODS).
- 5.m. Discuss the assessment of a patient suffering from shock.
- 5.n. Discuss the management of a patient suffering from shock.
- 5.o. Identify devices to assist circulation in patients suffering from shock.
- 5.p. Identify differences between pediatric and geriatric patients suffering from shock.

## 6. Relate traumatic bleeding to morbidity/mortality

### Assessment Strategies

- 6.1. Oral, Written or Graphic Assessment

### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 6.1. you answer questions related to the learning objectives on a test
- 6.2. you achieve the threshold identified by your Training Center on the assessment

### Learning Objectives

- 6.a. Discuss the mortality and morbidity affecting at-risk populations with traumatic bleeding.
- 6.b. Discuss the anatomy and function of the respiratory, circulatory, and central nervous systems as they pertain to traumatic bleeding.
- 6.c. Discuss the pathophysiology of traumatic bleeding.
- 6.d. Discuss organ involvement in shock due to traumatic bleeding.
- 6.e. Discuss the classifications of shock as related to traumatic bleeding.
- 6.f. Discuss compensatory shock as related to traumatic bleeding.
- 6.g. Discuss decompensated shock as related to traumatic bleeding.
- 6.h. Discuss the complications of shock as related to traumatic bleeding.
- 6.i. Discuss assessment considerations for a patient in shock due to traumatic bleeding.
- 6.j. Discuss shock management strategies and considerations for a patient with traumatic bleeding.
- 6.k. Discuss the pathophysiology, assessment findings, and management considerations for a patient with traumatic bleeding.

## 7. Identify factors related to disease.

### Assessment Strategies

- 7.1. Oral, Written or Graphic Assessment

### Criteria

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 7.1. you answer questions related to the learning objectives on a test
- 7.2. you achieve the threshold identified by your Training Center on the assessment

### Learning Objectives

- 7.a. Identify factors that cause disease.
- 7.b. Analyze disease risk.

- 7.c. Describe the combined effects and interaction among risk factors.
- 7.d. Describe familial disease and associated risk factors.
- 7.e. Discuss concepts related to stress.
- 7.f. Discuss stress responses.
- 7.g. Discuss the interrelationships between stress, coping, and illness.

## **8. Summarize the ways in which the human body protects itself against disease.**

### **Assessment Strategies**

- 8.1. Oral, Written or Graphic Assessment

### **Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 8.1. you answer questions related to the learning objectives on a test
- 8.2. you achieve the threshold identified by your Training Center on the assessment

### **Learning Objectives**

- 8.a. Identify the lines of defense in protecting the body from disease and injury.
- 8.b. Describe the characteristics of the immune response.
- 8.c. Discuss, in general/introductory terms, the immune response.
- 8.d. Describe humoral immune response.
- 8.e. Describe cell-mediated immune response.
- 8.f. Explain cellular interactions in the immune response.
- 8.g. Discuss fetal and neonatal immune function.
- 8.h. Discuss aging and its effects on the immune response in the elderly.
- 8.i. Describe the acute inflammatory response.
- 8.j. Discuss mast cells and their role in the inflammatory response.
- 8.k. Discuss plasma protein systems.
- 8.l. Discuss the role of cellular components as part of the inflammation response.
- 8.m. Discuss the role of cellular products as part of the inflammation response.
- 8.n. Describe systemic responses to acute inflammation.
- 8.o. Discuss chronic inflammation responses.
- 8.p. Describe local inflammation responses.
- 8.q. Discuss phases of resolution and repair.
- 8.r. Discuss the effect of age-related self-defense mechanisms on the inflammatory process.

## **9. Correlate morbidity/mortality and preventative strategies to the pathophysiology of immunology conditions.**

### **Assessment Strategies**

- 9.1. Oral, Written or Graphic Assessment

### **Criteria**

*Your performance will be successful when:*

- 9.1. you answer questions related to the learning objectives on a test
- 9.2. you achieve the threshold identified by your Training Center on the assessment

### **Learning Objectives**

- 9.a. Discuss immunity and inflammation deficiencies.
- 9.b. Discuss the pathophysiology of immunology emergencies.
- 9.c. Discuss hypersensitivity (allergy, autoimmunity, and isoimmunity).
- 9.d. Discuss the assessment of a patient suffering from an allergic reaction.
- 9.e. Describe the anaphylactoid reaction process.
- 9.f. Discuss the management of a patient suffering from an allergic reaction.
- 9.g. Discuss collagen vascular disease.
- 9.h. Discuss transplant-related problems.
- 9.i. Identify differences in immunology emergencies affecting pediatric and geriatric patients.
- 9.j. Discuss communication and documentation considerations for patients with immunology emergencies.
- 9.k. Discuss transport considerations for patients with immunology emergencies.
- 9.l. Discuss patient education and prevention of complications or future immunology emergencies.